Behar, Torah, May 25, 2024

Leviticus 25:29-26:2

(29) If any party sells a dwelling house in a walled city, it may be redeemed until a year has elapsed since its sale; the redemption period shall be a year. (30) If it is not redeemed before a full year has elapsed, the house in the walled city shall pass to the purchaser beyond reclaim throughout the ages; it shall not be released in the jubilee. (31) But houses in villages that have no encircling walls shall be classed as open country: they may be redeemed, and they shall be released through the jubilee. (32) As for the cities of Levi, the houses in the cities it holds: Levi shall forever have the right of redemption. (33) Such property as may be redeemed from Levi—houses sold in a city it holds—shall be released through

ויקרא כ״ה:כ״ט-כ״ו:ב׳ גרמ) ואייט הי־ימהר היר

(כט) וְאִישׁ כְּי־יִמְכָּר בֵּית־מוֹשַׁבֹּ עִיר חוֹלֶה וָהָיִתָה גִּאֻלֶּלֹתוֹ עַד־תְּם שָׁנַת מִמִּכַּרָוֹ יַמִים תִּהְיֵה גִאָּלַתְוֹ: (ל) וָאֶם לְאִ־יָגַאָּל עַד־מִלְאת לוֹ שָׁנָה תִמִימָה וְלֻפֶׁם הַבַּיִת אַשֶׁר־בַּעִיר אֵשֶׁר־[לְוֹ] (לֹא) חֹמַה לַצְמִיתֵת לַקֹּנֵה אֹתְוֹ לְדֹרֹתַיוּ לְא יֵצֵא בַּיֹבֵל: (לא) וּבַתֵּי הַחֲצֵרִים אַשֵּׁר אֵין־לָהֵם חֹמָה סָבִּיב עַל־שָׂבֶה הָאָבֶץ יֵחָשֵׁב גְּאָלָּה תָּהְיֵה־לֹּוֹ וּבַיּבֵל יֵצֵא: (לב) וְעַרֵי הַלְוֹיָם בָּהֵי עָרֵי אֲחָזְּתָם גְאַלֵּת עוֹלֶם תִּהִיֵה לַלִּוֹיֶם: (לג) וַאֲשֵׁר יִגְאַל מִן־הַלְוִיָּם וְיָצֵא מִמְכַּר־בַּיִת וְעִיר אֲחָזָּתְוֹ בַּיֹבֵל כֵי בָהֵּי עָרֵי הַלְוִיִּם הָוֹא אֲחָזָּתָם בְּתְוֹךְ בְּגֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל: (לד) וְשִׁדֵה מִגְרַשׁ עָרֵיהֵם

the jubilee; for the houses in the cities of Levi are its holding among the Israelites. (34) But the unenclosed land about its cities cannot be sold, for that is its holding for all time. (35) If your kin, being in straits, come under your authority, and are held by you as though resident aliens, let them live by your side: (36) do not exact advance or accrued interest, but fear your God. Let your kin live by your side as such. (37) Do not lend your money at advance interest, nor give your food at accrued interest. (38) I יהוה am your God, who brought you out of the land of Egypt, to give you the land of Canaan, to be your God. (39) If your kin under you continue in straits and must be given over to you, do not subject them to the treatment of a slave. (40) Remaining with you as a hired or bound laborer, they shall serve with you only until the jubilee year. (41) Then they, along with any

לָא יִמְּכֵר כִּי־אֲחָזַת עוֹלֵם הוּא לָהֶם: {ס} (לה) וְכִי־יָמְוּךְ אָחִיךּ וּמֶטָה יָדוֹ עִּמֶּדְ וְהֶחֲזַקְתָּ בֹּוֹ גֵּר וְתוֹשֶׁב וְחַי עִמֶּך: (לו) אַל־תִּקַח מֵאִתוֹ נֵשֶׁךְ וִתַרִבִּית וְיָרֵאתְ ַמְאֱלֹהֶיף וְחֵי אָחִיף עִמֶּף: (לז) אֶת־כַּסְפְּּדְּ לְא־תִתֵּן לְוֹ בְּגָשֶׁדְּ וּבְמַרְבָּית לֹא־תִתֵּן אָכְלֵד: (לח) אַנִי יהוה אֱלְהֵיכֶּם אֲשֶׁר־הוֹצֵאתִי אֶתְכֶם מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרֵיִם לְתַת לְכֶם' אָת־אָרֵץ כִּנַעו לִהִיְוֹת לָכֵם לֵאלֹהִים: {ס} (לט) וְכִי־יָמְוּךְ אָחֵיךְּ עָמֶך וִנִמְכַּר־לֻךְ לֹא־תַעֲבְד בְּוֹ אַבְדַת עֲבֶד: (מ) כִּשָּׂכִיר כִּתוֹשֵב יִהְיֶה עִּמֶּךְ עַד־שְׁנָת הַיֹּבֵל יַעֲבְד עִמֶּדְ: (מא) וְיָצָא מֵעִמָּדְ הְוּא וּבָנֵיו עָמָוֹ וִשֶׁבֹ אֵל־מִשִׁפַּחָתוֹ וָאֵל־אַחָזַת אֲבֹתֶיו יָשְוּב: (מב) כִּי־עֲבָדֵי הֵם אַשר־הוֹצֵאתִי אֹתָם מַאֵבֶץ מִּצְרֵיִם לָא יִמְּכְרָוּ מִמְכֶּרֶת עֲבֶד: (מג) לאַ־תִרדֵּה בְוֹ בִּפָּבֶרְ וִיָרֵאתָ

children, shall be free of your authority; they shall go back to their family and return to the ancestral holding.— (42) For they are My servants, whom I freed from the land of Egypt; they may not give themselves over into servitude. — (43) You shall not rule over them ruthlessly; you shall fear your God. (44) Such male and female slaves as you may have—it is from the nations round about you that you may acquire male and female slaves. (45) You may also buy them from among the children of aliens resident among you, or from their families that are among you, whom they begot in your land. These shall become your property: (46) you may keep them as a possession for your children after you, for them to inherit as property for all time. Such you may treat as slaves. But as for your Israelite kin, no one shall rule ruthlessly over another. (47) If a resident alien among you has

מָאֵלֹהֵיף: (מד) וִעַבִדָּךָ וַאֲמַתִּךְּ אַשֶּׁר יִהְיוּ־לֶדְ מֵאָת הַגּוֹיִם אֲשֶׁר ָסְבִילְתֵיכֶּם מֵהֶם תִּקְנְוּ עֶבֶד וְאָמֱה: (מה) ווגב מִבְּנֵי הַתּוֹשָׁבִים הַגָּרִים עַמַכַב מָהֶם תִקְנוּ וּמִמִּשִׁפַּחָתַב אַשֵר עִמָּבֶׁם אֲשֵׁר הוֹלֵידוּ בָּאַרִצָּכֶם וָהָיְוּ לָכֵם לֵאַחָזָּה: (מו) וָהָתְנַחַלְמֵּם אֹתָם לְבָנֵיכֵם אַחֲרֵיכֵם לַרֶשֶׁת אֲחָלָּה לְעֹלֵם בָּהֶם תַּעַבְדוּ וּבְאַׁחֵיכֶם בִּגֵי־יִשִּׂרָאֵל אֵישׁ בִּאַחִיו לאותרַדָּה בְוֹ בִּפָּרֵדְ: {ס} (מז) וְכֵי תַשִּׂיג יַד גָר וְתוֹשֶׁבֹ עִמַּדְ וּמֶךְ אָחֶידְ עִמָּוֹ וִנְמָכַּר לָגֵר תוֹשָׁב עִמָּׁדְ אָוֹ לְעֵקֶר מִשְׁפָּחַת גֵּר: (מח) אַחֲרֵי נִמְבַּר גִּאָלֵה תִּהְיֵה־לְּוֹ אֵחֶד מֵאָחֵיו יָגָאַלֱנֹוּ: (מט) אוֹ־דֹדוֹ אָוֹ בֵּן־דֹדוֹ יִגאָלֵנוּ אָוֹ־מִשִּׁאֵר בִּשָּׂרָוֹ מִמִשׁפַּחִתְּוֹ יִגָאָלֵנוּ אָוֹ־הִשִּׁיגָה יָדְוֹ וִנְגָאֱל: (נ) וְחִשַּׁבֹ עִם־קֹנֵהוּ מִשְׁנַתֹ הָמֶּכְרוֹ לוֹ עַד שָׁנַת הַיּבֶל וְהָיָה בֶּסֵף מִמִכַּרוֹ בִּמִסְפֵּר שַׁנִּים כִּימֵי

prospered, and your kin, being in straits, comes under that one's authority and is given over to the resident alien among you, or to an offshoot of an alien's family, (48) [your kin] shall have the right of redemption even after having been given over. [Typically,] a brother shall do the redeeming, (49) or an uncle or an uncle's son shall do the redeeming—anyone in the family who is of the same flesh shall do the redeeming; or, having prospered, [your formerly impoverished kin] may do the redeeming. (50) The total shall be computed with the purchaser as from the year of being given over to the other until the jubilee year; the price of sale shall be applied to the number of years, as though it were for a term as a hired laborer under the other's authority. (51) If many years remain, [your kin] shall pay back for the redemption in proportion to the purchase price; (52) and if few

שַׂכֵיר יִהְיֵה עִמְּוֹ: (נא) אָם־עְוֹד רַבְּוֹת בַּשָּׁגִים לְפִיהֶן יָשִׁיב גְאֻלְּתוֹ מָכֶּסֶף מִקְנְתְוֹ: (נב) וִאִם־מִעַّט נִשָּאָר בַּשַּׁנֵים עַד־שָׁנֵת הַיֹּבֵל וָחִשַּׁב־לָוֹ כִּפֵי שָׁנָיו יָשִיב אֶת־גְאֻלְּתְוֹ: (נג) כִּשְׁכֵיר שְׁנָה בְּשָׁנָה יִהְיֵה עִמֻּוֹ לְאֹ־יִרְדֵּנְוּ בְּפֵּרֶךְ לְעֵינֶיף: (נד) וְאִם־לְא יִגְאֵל בְּאֵלֶה וָיַצַא בִּשָׁנַת הַיֹּבֵל הָוּא וּבַנֵיו עִמְוֹ: (נה) כִּי־לִי בִנֵי־יִשֹּׁרָאֵל עַבָּדִּים צַבָרֵי הֶׁם אֲשֶׁר־הוֹצֵאתִי אוֹתָם מֵאֱרֶץ מִצְרָיִם אֲנִי יהוה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם: (א) לְא־תַעֲשׁוּ לְכֶּם אֱלִילִם וּפֶּסֶל וּמַצֵּבָה לְא־תָקִימוּ לְכֶּׁם וְאֶבֶן מַשָּׂכִּית לָא תִתְּנוּ בִּאַרְצָּבֶּם לְהָשְׁתַּחֲוֹת עָלֵיהָ כֵּי אֲנִי יהוה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם: (ב) אֶת־שַׁבְּתֹתֵי תִּשְׁמֹרוּ וּמִקדָשִׁי תִּירָאוּ אֲנֵי יהוה: {פּ}

years remain until the jubilee year, so shall it be computed: payment shall be made for the redemption according to the years involved. (53) One shall be under the other's authority as a laborer hired by the year; the other shall not rule ruthlessly in your sight. (54) If not redeemed in any of those ways, that person, along with any children, shall go free in the jubilee year. (55) For it is to Me that the Israelites are servants: they are My servants, whom I freed from the land of Egypt—I, your God (1) יהוה. You shall not make idols for yourselves, or set up for yourselves carved images or pillars, or place figured stones in your land to worship upon, for I יהוה am your God. (2) You shall keep My sabbaths and venerate My sanctuary, Mine, יהוה's.