## Mishpatim, Torah, February 10, 2024

## Exodus 22:4-23:19

(4) When any party who owns livestock lets it loose to graze in another's land, and so allows a field or a vineyard to be grazed bare, restitution must be made for the impairment of that field or vineyard. (5) When a fire is started and spreads to thorns, so that stacked, standing, or growing grain is consumed, the one who started the fire must make restitution. (6) When any party gives money or goods to another for safekeeping, and they are stolen from that other party's house: if caught, the thief shall pay double; (7) if the thief is not caught, the owner of the house shall depose before God and deny laying hands on the other's property. (8) (In all charges of misappropriation—pertaining to an

שמות כ"ב:ד'-כ"ג:י"ט ר) כַּי יַבְעֶר־אִישׁ שָּׁדֶה אוֹ־בֶּׁרֵם וִשְׁלַח אֵת־בִּעִירה וּבִעֵר בִּשְׁדֵה אַחֶר מֵיטֵב שָּׁדֵהוּ וּמֵיטֵב כַּרִמְוֹ יְשַׁלֵּם: {ס} (ה) כִּי־תֵצֵא אֵשׁ וּמַצְאָה לְצִים וְנֵאֵכֵל גַּדְישׁ אָוֹ הַקְּמָה אָוֹ הַשָּׂדֶה שַׁלֵּם יִשַׁלֵּם (ו) {ס} הַּמַּבְעֵר אֱת־הַבּּעֶרָה: {ס בֶּי־יָתֶן אִישׁ אֵל־רֶעָהוּ כֵּסֶף אוֹ־כַלִּים לִשְׁמֹר וְגָנַב מִבֵּית הָאֵישׁ אָם־יִמְצֵא הָגָנַב יִשְׁלֵם שְׁנַיִם: (ז) אָם־לָּא יִמָּצֵא הַגַּנָּב וְנִקְרָב בַּעַל־הַבַּיִת אֶל־הָאֱלֹהָים אִם־לְא שַׁלֵח יָדְוֹ בִּמְלֵאכֶת רֵעֲהוּ: (ח) עַל־כַּל־דָבַר־פָּשׁע עַל־שוֹר עַל־שַׁר עַל־שֶּׁה עַל־שַׂלְמָה עַל־כָּל־אֲבַדָּה אֲשֶׁר יֹאמֵר כִּי־הְוּא זָה עַד הָאֱלֹהִים יָבְא דְבַר־שְׁנֵיהֶם ox, an ass, a sheep, a garment, or any other loss, whereof one party alleges, "This is it"—the case of both parties shall come before God: the one whom God declares guilty shall pay double to the other.) (9) When any party gives to another an ass, an ox, a sheep or any other animal to guard, and it dies or is injured or is carried off, with no witness about, (10) an oath before יהוה shall decide between the two of them that the one has not laid hands on the property of the other; the owner must acquiesce, and no restitution shall be made. (11) But if [the animal] was stolen from the guardian, restitution shall be made to its owner. (12) If it was torn by beasts, the guardian shall bring it as evidence—not needing to replace what has been torn by beasts. (13) When any party borrows [an animal] from another and it dies or is injured, its owner not being with it, restitution must be made. (14) If

אֲשֶׁר יַרְשִׁיעָן אֵלהִים יִשַׁלֵּם שְׁגַיִם לְרֵעֲהוּ: {ס} (ט) כֵּי־יָתֵן אִישׁ אַל־רֵעֵהוּ חַמֹור אוֹ־שְׁוֹר אוֹ־שֵׂה וְכָל־בְּהֵמָה לִשְׁמָר וּמֵת אוֹ־נִשְׁבַּר אוֹ־נִשְׁבָּה אֵין רֹאֵה: (י) שִׁבַעַת יהוה תִּהְיֶה בֵּין שִׁנִיהֵם אִם־לְא שָׁלֵח יָדְוֹ בִּמְלֵאכֵת רֵעֲהוּ וִלְּקַח בְּעָלֶיו וְלָּא יְשַׁלֵּם: (יא) וְאִם־גָּנְב יָגְנֵב מֵעִמָּוֹ יְשַׁלֵּם לְבִעָלֵיו: (יב) אָם־טָרָף יִטָּרֵף יְבָאֵהוּ עֵד הַטִּרַפָּה לֹא יִשַׁלֵם: {פ} (יג) וְכֵי־יִשְׁאַל אֵישׁ מֵעֶם רֵעָהוּ וִנִשְׁבֵּר אוֹ־מֻת בִּעָלֵיו (יד) אַין־עִמְּוֹ שַׁלֵּם יִשַׁלֵּם: אָם־בִּעָלֵיו עִמְּוֹ לְאׁ יְשַׁבֵּׁ אָם־שָׂכָיר הוֹא בָּא בִּשִׂכָרְוֹ: {ס} (טו) וְכֵי־יִפַּתֵּה אִישׁ בִּתוּלֵה אֲשֵׁר לא־אֹרֶשָׂה וִשְׁכַב עִּמָּה מָהָר יִמְהָרֵנָּה לְּוֹ לְאִשֵּׁה: (טז) אָם־מָאֵן יְמָאֵן אָבֶיהָ לְתִתְּה לֵוֹ כֶּסֶף יִשְׁלְּל כִּמְהַר הַבִּתוּלְת: {ס} (יז) מְכַשֵּׁפָה לְא תְחֵיֵה: (יח) כַּל־שֹׁכֵב its owner was with it, no restitution need be made; but if it was hired, that payment is due. (15) If a man seduces a virgin for whom the bride-price has not been paid, and lies with her, he must make her his wife by payment of a bride-price. (16) If her father refuses to give her to him, he must still weigh out silver in accordance with the brideprice for virgins. (17) You shall not tolerate a sorceress. (18) Whoever lies with a beast shall be put to death. (19) Whoever sacrifices to a god other than יהוה alone shall be proscribed. (20) You shall not wrong or oppress a stranger, for you were strangers in the land of Egypt. (21) You [communal leaders] shall not ill-treat any widow or orphan. (22) If you do mistreat them, I will heed their outcry as soon as they cry out to Me, (23) and My anger shall blaze forth and I will put you to the sword, and your own wives shall become widows and your children

עִם־בִּהֶמֶה מְוֹת יוּמֶת: {ס} (יט) זֹבֵחַ לָאֱלֹהָים יָחֶרֶם בִּּלְתִּי לַיהוה לְבַדְּוֹ: (כ) וְגֵר לֹא־תוֹנֵה וְלְא תַלְחָצֵנוּ כִּי־גַרִים הַיִיתָם בּאֵרֵץ מִצְרֵיִם: (כא) כָּל־אַלִּמְנֵה וִיָתְוֹם לְא תִעַנְּוּן: (כב) אָם־עַנֵּה תִעַנֵּה אֹתְוֹ כֵּי אָם־צָעָק יִצָעַל אֵלֵי שָׁמְעַ אֵשִׁמַע צַאֵקֶתְוֹ: (כג) וְחָרֶה אַפִּי וְהָרֵגְתֵּי אַתְכֵם בַּחָרֵב וְהָיָוּ נְשֵׁיכֵם אַלְמַנוֹת וּבְנֵיכֵם יִתֹמֶים: {פ} (כד) אָם־כֵּסֶף ן תַּלְוֵה אֵת־עַמִּי אֵת־הֵעַנִי עִמַּדְ וּ לא־תִהְיֶה לְוֹ כִּנֹשֵׁה לְא־תִשִּׁימְוּן עַלֵיו גֵשֶׁךְ: (כה) אָם־חַבְל תַּחָבְּל שַׂלְמַת רָעָדְּ עַד־בָּא הַשֵּׁמַשׁ תִּשִׁיבֵנוּ לְוֹ: (כוּ) כֵּי הָוֹא כְסוּתֹה לְבַלָּה הָוֹא שִׂמְלַתְוֹ לְעֹרָוֹ בַּמֵּה יִשְׁבָּב וְהָיָה בְּי־יִצְעַק אֵלֵי וְשָׁמַעְתִּי כֵּי־חַנְּוּן אֲנִי: {ס} (כז) אֱלֹהֵים לְא תָקַלֵּל וִנְשִּׁיא בִעַמִּךְּ לְא תָאָר: (כח) מִלֵאָתְךְּ וִדִּמְעֲךָּ לְאׁ תְאַחֻר בְּכְוֹר בַּנֵיךְ תִּתַּן־לֵי: (כט) בֵּן־תַּעֲשֵׁה

orphans. (24) If you lend money to My people, to the poor among you, do not act toward them as a creditor; exact no interest from them. (25) If you take your neighbor's garment in pledge, you must return it before the sun sets; (26) it is the only available clothing —it is what covers the skin. In what else shall [your neighbor] sleep? Therefore, if that person cries out to Me, I will pay heed, for I am compassionate. (27) You shall not revile God, nor put a curse upon a chieftain among your people. (28) You shall not put off the skimming of the first yield of your vats. You shall give Me the male first-born among your children. (29) You shall do the same with your cattle and your flocks: seven days the male first-born shall remain with its mother; on the eighth day you shall give it to Me. (30) You shall be holy people to Me: you must not eat flesh torn by beasts in the field; you

לשרף לצאגף שבעת ימים יהיה יִעם־אָמֹוֹ בַּיְוֹם הַשִּׁמִינֵי תִּתִּנוֹ־לֵי: (ל) וְאַנִשִׁי־קְרֵשׁ תִּהְיִוּן לֵי וּבַשָּׂר בַּשַּׂדֶה טָרֶפַה לָא תֹאֹכֶּלוּ לָכֵּלֶב תַּשָׁלְכָוּן אֹתְוֹ: {ס} (א) לָא תִשֵּׂא שַׁמַע שָׁוָא אַל־תַשׁת יָדְךּ עִם־רָשְׁע לְהִיָּת עֲד חָמֵס: (ב) לְאֹ־תִהְוֵה אַחַבִי־רַבִּים לְרָעָת וְלֹא־תַעֲנֵה צַל־רָב לִנָטָת אַחֲרֵי רַבִּים לְהַטְּת: (ג) וְדֶּל לְא תֶהְדֵּר בְּרִיבְוֹ: {ס} (ד) בִּי תִפִּגַע שָׁוֹר אִיִבִךְּ אָוֹ חַמֹרְוֹ תֹּעֵה (ה) {ס} (ה) הָשֶׁב הִּשִׁבנוּ לְוֹ: {ס בּי־תָרָאֶה חַמְוֹר שֹנַאֲדְּ רֹבֶץ תַּחַת בַשָּׂאוֹ וְחָדַלְהָּ בֵעֲוֹב לְוֹ עָוֹב הַעַּוֹב עִמְוֹ: {ס} (ו) לְא תַטֵּה מִשְׁפֵּט אָבִיֹנְדְּ בִּרִיבְוֹ: (ז) מִדְּבַר־שֵׁקֵר תִרחָק ונָקִי וצַדִּיל אֱל־תַּהַרג כִּי לא־אַצְדֶּיק רָשָׁע: (ח) וִשְׂחַד לֹא תָקָח כֵּי הַשֹּׁחַד יִעַוּר פִּקְחִים וַיסַלֵּף דִּבְרֵי צַדִּיקִים: (ט) וְגֵר לְא תַלְחָץ וָאַמָּם יִדַעָמֵם אֵת־גַפָּשׁ הַגֵּׁר

shall cast it to the dogs. (1) You must not carry false rumors; you shall not join hands with the guilty to act as a malicious witness: (2) You shall neither side with the mighty to do wrong—you shall not give perverse testimony in a dispute so as to pervert it in favor of the mighty— (3) nor shall you show deference to a poor person in a dispute. (4) When you encounter your enemy's ox or ass wandering, you must take it back. (5) When you see the ass of your enemy lying under its burden and would refrain from raising it, you must nevertheless help raise it. (6) You shall not subvert the rights of your needy in their disputes. (7) Keep far from a false charge; do not bring death on those who are innocent and in the right, for I will not acquit the wrongdoer. (8) Do not take bribes, for bribes blind the clear-sighted and upset the pleas of those who are in the right. (9) You

כֵּי־גַרֵים הֵיִיתֵם בִּאֵרֵץ מִצְרֵיִם: (י) וְאֵשׁ שָׁנִים תִּוְרָע אֶת־אַרְצֶּךְ וָאָסַפְּהָּ אֶת־תְּבוּאָתֶה: (יא) וָהַשָּׁבִיעָת תִּשִׁמְטֵנָה וּנִטַשִּׁהָה וְאָכְלוּ אֶבְיֹנֵי עַמֶּדּ וְיִתְרֶּם תּאכַל חַיַּת הַשָּׂדָה בּוֹיתַעַשֵּׁה לְכַרִמְךְּ לְזֵיתֶדְ: (יב) שֻׁשֶׁת יָמִים הַעֲשֶׂה מַצֵשִׂידְ וּבַיִּוֹם הַשִּׁבִיעִי תִּשִׁבַּת לִמַעַן יָנוּחַ שְׁוֹרְדְּ וַחֲמֹרֶדְ וִינָּפֵשׁ בֶּן־אֲמֶתְךָּ וְהַגֵּר: (יג) וּבְכָּל אַשֵׁר־אָמַרִתִּי אַלֵיכֵם תִּשָּׁמֵרוּ וִשֵּׁם אֵלהַים אַחַרִים לְא תַזְבָּירוּ לְא יִשְׁמָע עַל־פִּיף: (יד) שָׁלְשׁ רְגָלִים ּתָּחָג לֵי בַּשְּׁנָה: (טו) אֵת־חֵג הַמַּצוֹת תִּשִׁמֹר שָבִעַת יָמִים תּאֹכַּל מַצוֹת כַּאֵשֵׁר צִוִּיתִׁדְּ לְמוֹעֵד חְדֵשׁ הָאָבִיב כִּי־בְוֹ יָצֵאתָ מִמִּצְרָיִם וְלֹא־יֵרֶאְוּ פָנֵי רֵיקָם: (טז) וְחַג הַקָּצִיר בִּכּוּרֵי מַצֵשֵּׁידְּ אֲשֵׁר תִּזְרַע בַּשָּׂדֵה וְחַג הָאָסף בִּצֵאת הַשְּׁנָה בָּאָסִפָּךְ אֱת־מַצַשֵּׂיךּ מִן־הַשָּׂבֵה: (יו)

shall not oppress a stranger, for you know the feelings of the stranger, having yourselves been strangers in the land of Egypt. (10) Six years you shall sow your land and gather in its yield; (11) but in the seventh you shall let it rest and lie fallow. Let the needy among your people eat of it, and what they leave let the wild beasts eat. You shall do the same with your vineyards and your olive groves. (12) Six days you shall do your work, but on the seventh day you shall cease from labor, in order that your ox and your ass may rest, and that your home-born slave and the stranger may be refreshed. (13) Be on guard concerning all that I have told you. Make no mention of the names of other gods; they shall not be heard on your lips. (14) Three times a year you shall hold a festival for Me: (15) You shall observe the Feast of Unleavened Bread—eating unleavened bread for seven days as I have commanded

שׁלְשׁ פְּעָמֵים בַּשָּׁנְה יֵרְאֶהׂ כְּלֹ־זְכִוּרְדְּ אֶל־פְּנֵי הָאָדְן | יהוה: (יח) לְאֹ־תִּזְבַּח עַל־חָמֵץ דַּם־זִבְחֵי וְלְאֹ־יָלְין חֵלֶב־חַגִּי עַד־בְּּקֶר: (יט) וְלְאֹ־יָלְין חֵלֶב־חַגִּי עַד־בְּּקֶר: (יט) רֵאשִׁית בִּכּוּרֵי אַדְמְתְדְּ הְּבִּיא בֵּית יהוה אֱלֹהֶיִדְ לְאִ־תְבַשֵּׁל גְּדִי בַּחֲלֵב אִמְּוֹ: {פּ} you—at the set time in the month of Abib, for in it you went forth from Egypt; and none shall appear before Me empty-handed; (16) and the Feast of the Harvest, of the first fruits of your work, of what you sow in the field; and the Feast of Ingathering at the end of the year, when you gather in the results of your work from the field. (17) Three times a year all your males shall appear before the Sovereign, יהוה. (18) You shall not offer the blood of My sacrifice with anything leavened; and the fat of My festal offering shall not be left lying until morning. (19) The choice first fruits of your soil you shall bring to the house of your God יהוה. You shall not boil a kid in its mother's milk.