## Ki Teitsei, Torah

## Deuteronomy 23:8-24:13

(8) You shall not abhor an Edomite, for he is your kinsman. You shall not abhor an Egyptian, for you were a stranger in his land. (9) Children born to them may be admitted into the congregation of the LORD in the third generation. (10) When you go out as a troop against your enemies, be on your guard against anything untoward. (11) If anyone among you has been rendered unclean by a nocturnal emission, he must leave the camp, and he must not reenter the camp. (12) Toward evening he shall bathe in water, and at sundown he may reenter the camp. (13) Further, there shall be an area for you outside the camp, where you may relieve yourself. (14) With your gear you shall have a spike, and when you have squatted you shall dig a hole with it and cover up your excrement. (15) Since the LORD your God moves about in your camp to protect you and to deliver your enemies to you, let your camp be holy; let Him not find anything unseemly among you and turn away from you. (16) You shall not turn over to his master a slave who seeks refuge with you from his master. (17) He shall live with you in any place he may choose among the settlements in your midst, wherever he pleases; you must not ill-treat him. (18) No Israelite woman shall be a cult prostitute, nor shall any Israelite man be a cult prostitute. (19) You shall not bring the fee of a whore or the pay of a dog into the house of the LORD your God in fulfillment of any vow, for both are abhorrent to the LORD your God. (20) You shall not deduct interest from loans to your countrymen, whether in money or food or anything else

## דברים כ"ג:ח'-כ"ד:י"ג

(ח) לא־תתעב אדמי כי אחיד הוא (ט) לא־תְתַעֵב מִצְרִי כִּי־גֵר הָיֵיתָ בִאַרִצְוֹ: בַּנִים אַשר־יוַלְדוּ לְהֵם דּוֹר שׁלִישִׁי יַבִּא לַהֱם בִּקְהֵל יִהֹוָה: {ס} (י) כּי־תַצֵא מַחַגֵה עַל־אֹיִבֵיף וְנִשְׁמַרְהַּ מִכְּל דָּבֵר רַע: (יא) כַּי־יָהָיָה בַּךְּ אִישׁ אֲשׁר לֹא־יָהְיָה טַהוֹר מִקּרֶה־לֵילָה וְיַצֵאׁ אֱל־מְחוּץ לַמַחַנָּה לָא יָבָא אַל־תִּוֹךְ הַמַּחַנָה: (יב) וָהַיָה לְפָנְוֹת־עֵרֵב יִרְחֵץ בַּמֵּיִם וּכְבָא הַשַּׁמֵשׁ יָבָא אֱלֹּתְּוֹךְ הַמַּחֲנֵה: (יג) וְיָדֹ תָּהָנֵה לָךְּ מִחָוּץ לֵמַחָנֵה וָיַצֵאת שַׁמַה חוץ: (יד) וִיַתֶד תִּהְיֵה לְךָּ עַל־אַזַגַךְּ וְהַיַה בַשְבַתַּדָּ חוּץ וְחַפַּרתַה בַה וִשַבַתַּ וְכַסֵּיתַ אַת־צֵאַתֶּד: (טו) כִּלْ יָהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵידְּ מִתְהַלֵּדְן בַּקֵרָב מַחַנָּדְ לִהַצִּילִדְּ וַלַתָּת אֹיָבֵידְּ לְפַנִּידְ וָהַיָה מַחֲנֵיךּ קַדְוֹשׁ וִלְא־יִרְאֵה בִּךְּ עַרְוַת זַבָּר וִשֵּׁב מֱאַחֲרֵיך: {ס} לא־תַסְגֵיר עֲבֶד אֵל־אֵדנֵיו אַשֵּׁר־ינצל אָלֵיך מֵעֶם אַדֹנֵיו: (יז) עִמְדְּ יָשֵׁב בִּקְרַבְּּדְ בַּמַקוֹם אַשֶׁר־יִבְחַר בָּאָחָד שְׁעַרֵיךְ בַּטוֹב לְאֹ־תְהָיֵה (יח) לֹא־תְהָיֵה לְיֹן לְאֹ תּוֹנֵנוּ: {ס} קדשה מבנות ישראל ולא־יהיה קדש מבני ישראל: (יט) לא־תביא אתנן זונה וּמְחֵיר כָּלֶב בֵּית יָהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵיךְ לְכַל־גַדֵר כי תועבת יהוה אלהיד (כ) לא־תַשֵּׁידְ גַם־שׁנֵיהֵם: {ס} לְאַחִיד נַשַּׁך כַּסָף נַשָּׁך אָכֶל נַשְׁד כַּל־דָּבֵר אַשֶׁר יִשֵּׁך: (כא) לַנַּכְרֵי תַשִּׁידְ וּלְאַחֵיךְ לְא תַשִּׁידְ לִמַּעַן יִבַרָכִדְ יִהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵידְ בְּכֹל משלח יַלָּדְּ עַל־הַאָּרִץ אַשר־אַתַּה בָא־שֶׁמָה לְרִשְׁתְּה: (ס) (כב)

that can be deducted as interest; (21) but you may deduct interest from loans to foreigners. Do not deduct interest from loans to your countrymen, so that the LORD your God may bless you in all your undertakings in the land that you are about to enter and possess. (22) When you make a vow to the LORD your God, do not put off fulfilling it, for the LORD your God will require it of you, and you will have incurred guilt; (23) whereas you incur no guilt if you refrain from vowing. (24) You must fulfill what has crossed your lips and perform what you have voluntarily vowed to the LORD your God, having made the promise with your own mouth. (25) When you enter another man's vineyard, you may eat as many grapes as you want, until you are full, but you must not put any in your vessel. (26) When you enter another man's field of standing grain, you may pluck ears with your hand; but you must not put a sickle to your neighbor's grain. (1) A man takes a wife and possesses her. She fails to please him because he finds something obnoxious about her, and he writes her a bill of divorcement, hands it to her, and sends her away from his house; (2) she leaves his household and becomes the wife of another man; (3) then this latter man rejects her, writes her a bill of divorcement, hands it to her, and sends her away from his house; or the man who married her last dies. (4) Then the first husband who divorced her shall not take her to wife again, since she has been defiled for that would be abhorrent to the LORD. You must not bring sin upon the land that the LORD your God is giving you as a heritage. (5) When a man has taken a bride, he shall not go out with the army or be assigned to it for any purpose; he shall be exempt one year for the sake of his household, to give happiness to the woman he has married. (6) A handmill or an upper millstone shall not be taken in pawn, for that would be taking someone's life in pawn. (7) If a man is found to have kidnapped a fellow Israelite, enslaving him or selling him,

בי־תַדָּר נָדֵר לִיהֹוָה אַלהֹידְּ לָא תַאַחֵר לְשַׁלְמִוֹ כֵּי־דַרֹשׁ יִדְרָשְׁנוּ יִהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵידְׂ מֵעִפָּׂך וִהָיֵה בִךְּ חֲטָא: (כג) וָכֵי תַחִדַּל לְנָדָּר לְאַ־יִהְיֵה בָךָּ חֲטָא: (כד) מוֹצֵא שָׂפַתֵיךְ תִּשָׁמִר וְעַשֵּׁיתַ כַּאֲשֶׁׁר נַלַּרְתַּ לַיהֹוָה אֵלהֵידּ נִדַבָּה אֵשֶר דִּבַּרְתָּ (כה) כֵּי תַבֹא בַּכֵרַם בַּפִיד: {ס} רַעָּד וָאַכַלְתַּ עַנַבֵּים כְּנַפִּשְׁדָּ שַׂבְעַדְּ וָאֵל־כֵּלִידָּ לָא תְתֵּן: {ס} (כו) כֿי תָבא בְּקָמֵת רֵעֶּׁדְ וְקָטַפְתָּ מִלִּילְת בִּיֵדֵדְ וחרמש לא תניף על קמת (א) כַּי־יַקַח אֵישׁ אִשַׁה רעק: {ס} וּבְעַלֵה וָהַיָּה אָם־לָא תִמְצַא־חֵן בּעֵינִיו כִּי־מֵצָא בַהֹּ עַרָוַת דָּבַּר וְלַתַב לָה סֵפֵר בּרִיתָת וְנַתֵּן בִּיַלָּה וְשִׁלְּחָה מְבֵּיתָוֹ: (ב) וָיַצְאָה מִבֶּיתִוֹ וְהַלְכֵה וְהַיְתָה לְאִישׁ־אֲחֵר: (ג) וּשְׁנָאַה הַאָּישׁ הַאָּחַרוֹן וְלַתַב לָה ספר בּרִיתַת וַנַתון בִּיַדָּה וְשַׁלְּחַה מַבֵּיתוֹ אוֹ כִי יַמוּת הַאֵּישׁ הַאַחַרוֹן אַשַׁרילְקַחַהּ לְוֹ לְאַשֵּׁה: (ד) לא־יוּכֵל בַּעְלֵה הַרְאשוֹן אַשֶר־שִׁלְחָה לַשׁוּב לְקַחְתַּה לְהִיָוֹת לְוֹ לאשה אחרי אשר הטמאה כייתועבה הוא לפני יהוה ולא תחטיא את־האבץ אַשׁר יִהֹוָה אֵלהֵיךּ נֹתֵן לְּדָּ (ה) כַּי־יַקַח אִישׁ אִשׁה נַחַלַה: {ס} חַדַשָּׁה לֹא יָצֵא בַּצַבָּא וַלֹא־יַעַבָּר עַלַיו לְכַל־דָבֵר נַקִּי יִהְיֵה לְבֵיתוֹ שַׁנַה אֶחַׁת וְשִׂמֵּח אֶת־אִשְׁתִּוֹ אֲשֶׁר־לָקֵח: (ו) לֹא־יַחַבִּל רחים ורכב כיינפש הוא (ז) כּי־ימצא אִישׁ גּנֹב חבל: {ס} וַפָּשׁ מֵאָחַיוֹ מִבְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵׁל וְהָתְעַמֵּר־בִּוֹ וּמְכַרָוֹ וּמֵת הַגַּנָב הַהוֹא וּבַעַרָהַ הַרֵע (ח) השמר מַקַרְבַּד: {ס} בָּנַגע־הַצַּרֵעַת לְשָׁמָר מָאָד וַלְעַשִּוֹת כָּכֹל אֲשֶׁר־יוֹרוּ אֶתְכֶּם הַכּּהֲנֵים הַלִּוִיֵם כַּאֲשֵׁר צוַיתָם תִּשָּׁמַרָוּ לַעֲשָׁוֹת: (ט) זַכֿור אַת אַשר־עַשַה יִהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵיף לִמְרָיָם בַּדֵּרֶף (') בַּצֵאתָכֵם מִמִּצְרֵיִם: {ס} that kidnapper shall die; thus you will sweep out evil from your midst. (8) In cases of a skin affection be most careful to do exactly as the levitical priests instruct you. Take care to do as I have commanded them. (9) Remember what the LORD your God did to Miriam on the journey after you left Egypt. (10) When you make a loan of any sort to your countryman, you must not enter his house to seize his pledge. (11) You must remain outside, while the man to whom you made the loan brings the pledge out to you. (12) If he is a needy man, you shall not go to sleep in his pledge; (13) you must return the pledge to him at sundown, that he may sleep in his cloth and bless you; and it will be to your merit before the LORD your God.

פְּי־תַשֶּׁה בְרֵעֲךָ מַשַּׁאת מְאָוּמָה לֹא־תָכְאׁ אֶל־בֵּיתְוֹ לַעֲכָּט עֲבֹטְוֹ: (יא) בַּחְוּץ תַּעֲמֶד וְהָאִישׁ אֲשֶׁר אַתָּה נֹשֶׁה בֹּו יוֹצִיא אֵלֶיף אֶת־הַעֲבִוֹט הַחְוּצָה: (יב) וְאִם־אִישׁ עָנִי הְוּא לְא תִשְׁכָּב בַּעֲבֹטְוֹ: (יג) הָשֵׁב חְּשִׁיב לְוֹ אֶת־הַעֲבוֹט כְּבְוֹא הַשֶּׁמֶשׁ וְשְׁכַב בְּשַׂלְמָתְוֹ וּבַרְכֶךָ וּלְךֹּ תִּהְיֶה צְּדָלֶה לִפְנֵי יִהֹנֵה אֵלֹהֵיך: {ס}



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